



**The University of Wisconsin – Parkside
Annual Campus Security &
Annual Fire Safety Report
January 1, 2014 – December 31, 2014**

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Introduction

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside is one of 13 four-year campuses in the University of Wisconsin System. UW-Parkside is located in Somers, Wisconsin, between Racine (population 81,855) and Kenosha (population 90,352) on 700 acres with natural prairies and woodlands. The campus is comprised of five main buildings connected by enclosed hallways, seven outer buildings, two residence halls, and an apartment complex with seven buildings. Nearly 4,500 students are enrolled at UW-Parkside with approximately 850 students living on campus. The university employs approximately 300 faculty and staff.

Crimes, fires, medical emergencies, and safety hazards are present in any community and do occur on the campus of the University of Wisconsin-Parkside. Reports of criminal activity or emergencies occurring on the UW-Parkside campus shall be made to the UW-Parkside Police Department. The University Police are available on campus 24 hours a day / 365 days a year to maintain a secure environment for students to learn, faculty/staff to work, and community members to enjoy our facilities and events.

The UW-Parkside Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report is published to comply with the Federal Law formally known as The Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act of 1990, renamed The Clery Act. Notice of this information will be sent to all students and employees each October, via the campus e-mail system. This information is also available upon request to any applicant for enrollment or employment.

The Reporting of Criminal Actions or Emergencies

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside Police Department is responsible for University security and enforcement of Wisconsin State Statutes at the University. The University Police Department is located in Tallent Hall providing twenty-four hour dispatch and protective services to the campus community. The Parkside Police Department currently provides mutual aid law enforcement services to the campus and is supported by the Kenosha County Sheriff's Department.

To report a crime or if assistance is needed, members of the campus community should call the University Police Department at 595-2455. In case of emergency, individuals should **call 2911 from any campus phone** or **262-595-2911 from any mobile phone**. An emergency is when someone is severely hurt, sick or in danger. It is important not to hang up the phone until the 911 operator tells you to do so. Free on-campus public telephones are located in the lobbies or public areas of all campus buildings. The University Police Department telephone number is prominently displayed on all public phones and in the campus telephone directory. It is included on all of the department's printed publications, brochures, pamphlets, and correspondence.

Access to Campus Facilities

Academic and administrative buildings are accessible to members of the campus community and general public during normal business hours, Monday through Friday (excluding most holidays). Saturday and Sunday access is limited.

Access to residence halls (Ranger Hall and Pike River Suites) is controlled by card access 24/7. Student residents can access their hall with the use of their card at any time. Residents can only access the hall they currently reside in. Ranger Hall is open from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM, Monday through Friday to grant access to the Office of Residence Life to students and guests who have business with the University. Access to Ranger Hall floors remains on card control. During move in and move out doors will be unlocked for a limited time.

All exterior doors of student residence facilities are equipped with electronic alarms that signal after 30 seconds whenever the doors are inadvertently propped open. Guests from outside the building are to be escorted by their hosts in compliance with the Residence Hall contract. The University Apartments have external access apartment doors to which only the residents of that apartment have keys.

Maintenance and Security of Campus Facilities

The University maintains a very strong commitment to campus safety and security. Exterior lighting is an important part of this commitment. Motor vehicle parking lots, pedestrian walkways, and building exteriors are well lighted. Patrol officers conduct surveys of exterior lighting on campus, and reports of outages are documented and acted upon by the Facilities Management Department. A comprehensive survey of all exterior lighting is conducted annually, and recommendations for improvements or adjustments are forwarded to the Facilities Management Department. Members of the campus community are encouraged to report any exterior lighting deficiencies to the University Police Department by calling 262-595-2455.

Exterior doors to academic buildings are locked and secured each evening by the University Police Department. In addition, door and security hardware operation deficiencies are noted and reported to Facilities Management. University Police patrol parking lots and other public areas on campus by vehicle, bicycle and on foot. As they patrol the campus they are alert for areas where the landscaping has become overgrown, and report those areas to Facilities Management so it can be corrected.

Law Enforcement Authority and Inter-Agency Relations

Currently, the University of Wisconsin-Parkside Police Department is staffed by certified Police Officers who have arrest authority and the authority to issue UW citations. The University of Wisconsin-Parkside maintains a close working relationship with law enforcement agencies at the city, county, state and federal level.

Police Services Provided

Investigation of crimes: UW-Parkside police officers have the authority and responsibility to investigate all crimes which occur on campus. UW-Parkside police officers enforce all Wisconsin traffic laws and issue citations which are adjudicated in the Kenosha County Court. The UW-Parkside Police Department works collaboratively with the Kenosha County Sheriff's Department, the Kenosha City Police Department, the Racine County Sheriff's Department, the Racine City Police Department and other law enforcement agencies.

Accident investigation: UW-Parkside police officers have the authority to investigate traffic accidents which occur on campus and local highways.

Crime prevention programs: UW-Parkside police provide various crime prevention programs throughout the school year.

Alcohol/drug awareness programs: UW-Parkside police officers conduct alcohol/drug awareness programs with members of Residence Life.

Security checks for university buildings: UW-Parkside police officers conduct security checks on all university buildings and property.

Motorist assists: UW-Parkside police officers will provide jump starts, vehicle lockouts, air for flat/low tires and 1 gallon of gas.

Key assists: UW-Parkside police officers will provide access to locked classrooms and buildings to faculty, staff, and students with proper identification and authorization.

Money deliveries: UW-Parkside police officers complete money deliveries both on campus and to off campus depositories.

Response to fires and medical emergencies: All UW-Parkside police officers are trained first responders and will respond to all fires and medical emergencies on campus.

Escorts: UW-Parkside police officers will provide escorts to individuals on campus.

Conduct fire drills: UW-Parkside police officers assist the UW-Parkside Safety Coordinator in conducting fire drills on campus.

Maintain lost and found items: UW-Parkside police maintain a lost and found program for items reported lost by the owner and items turned into the police department.

Fingerprinting: UW-Parkside police officers will fingerprint citizens for a \$10.00 charge.

Operation ID: UW-Parkside police will loan an engraver free of charge to engrave personal items. The engraver may be obtained by stopping by the Police Department at Tallent Hall 188.

Delivery of emergency messages: UW-Parkside police officers will make every attempt to locate people on campus to deliver emergency messages.

Security for dances and special events: UW-Parkside police officers provide security for dances and special events on a charge back basis.

Security Awareness and Crime Prevention Programs

It is the philosophy at University of Wisconsin-Parkside to prevent crimes from occurring whenever possible. A primary vehicle for accomplishing this goal is the University's crime prevention program. The University's crime prevention programs are based upon the concept of eliminating or minimizing criminal opportunities, whenever possible, and encouraging students and employees to be partners in crime prevention efforts.

Residence Hall Security. Crime prevention presentations, also accompanied by brochures, maps, and other printed materials, are made available to residence hall students.

Emergency Telephones. Emergency telephones are located throughout the campus. We have "Emergency Call Phones" on campus, often referred to as the Blue Phone. These phones have a direct link to the Police dispatch center. These phones should be utilized whenever you need help in an emergency situation or when you are in fear or need assistance.

Crime Prevention Presentations. Crime prevention presentations are made annually to various student groups, employees, student organizations, and clubs. If you wish to have a program, please contact the University Police Department at 262-595-2455 for more information.

Printed Materials. Printed crime prevention brochures, posters, booklets, and information relating to motor vehicle security, bicycle security, residence hall security, escort services, and personal safety and security issues are available in the University Police Department and residence halls.

Security Surveys. Monthly checks of exterior lighting and emergency call boxes are performed by the University police.

Sexual Assault Awareness Education and Prevention. Sexual assault awareness education and prevention presentations are made each year during Student Orientation and as campus presentations throughout the year. Information related to reporting options, relevant definitions, and sexual assault resources can be found at <http://www.uwp.edu/live/offices/studentaffairs/sexual-misconduct/>.

Ranger Alert. The University of Wisconsin-Parkside has partnered with Rave Mobile Safety to provide an emergency alert system capable of delivering messages to your UWP and personal email addresses, as well as to your cell phone. This system keeps you informed of safety issues on campus such as emergencies and weather related class cancellations. Students are automatically signed up for the emergency alert system but do have an “opt out” option. Faculty, staff and other interested members of the campus community can sign-up for the service at <https://www.getrave.com/login/uwp>.

Campus Crime Reporting

Efforts are made to inform members of the campus community on a timely basis about campus crime and crime related problems. These efforts include the following.

1. Annual Report: A comprehensive annual report of crime related information is compiled, published, and distributed. This annual report is available to any interested party.
2. Crime Alert: When special circumstances warrant it, "Crime Alerts" will be issued using the Ranger Alert system. In addition, printed copies may be prepared and distributed, either selectively or throughout the campus, notifying employees and students of important crime related information.
3. Crime Log: The crime log is available at the University Police Department, Tallent Hall during normal business hours, M-F, 8 AM - 4 PM, except holidays. In order to protect an ongoing criminal investigation or the identity of a victim, the UW-Parkside Chief of Police or designee may classify information as "confidential" and prohibit its release.

Crime Statistics

The University believes that an informed public is a safety conscious public. The following crime statistics, provided in compliance with the Clery Act, are for your information. If you have any questions, please contact the Dean of Students Office at 262-595-2598 or the University Police Department at 262-595-2455.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	On Campus			On Campus - Residence Halls		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Murder & Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Sex Offenses (including forcible rape)	5	1	0	5	1	NA
Non-forcible Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	NA
Rape	NA	NA	4	NA	NA	4
Fondling	NA	NA	6	NA	NA	6
Incest	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	0
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	2	0	0	2	0
Burglary (Breaking and Entering)	0	2	0	0	2	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0

- These statistics do not determine level of guilt/innocence these are reported cases only.
- On Campus totals include on campus and on campus residence halls

Criminal Offenses – Public Property Reported to Local Police

Crimes that occur on public property immediately adjacent to the campus are reported to the City of Kenosha Police.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Murder & Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Forcible Sex Offenses (including forcible rape)	0	0	NA
Non-forcible Sex Offenses	0	0	NA
Rape	NA	NA	0
Fondling	NA	NA	0
Incest	NA	NA	0
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary (Breaking and Entering)	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Hate Offenses - On Campus

For the criminal offenses listed below, the number of reported occurrences that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, disability or ethnicity (“hate crimes”) that took place On-Campus, as prescribed by the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28U.S.C 534). This data is collected as the summary of these six types of prejudice. Forcible rape is a subset of all forcible sex offenses.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012						2013						2014					
	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity
Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-forcible Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rape	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- These statistics do not determine level of guilt/innocence these are reported cases only.
- On Campus totals include on campus and on campus residence halls

Hate Offense – On Campus Residence Halls

For the criminal offenses listed below, the number of reported occurrences that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, disability or ethnicity (“hate crimes”) that took place On-Campus-Residence Halls, as prescribed by the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28U.S.C 534). This data is collected as the summary of these six types of prejudice. Forcible rape is a subset of all forcible sex offenses.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012						2013						2014					
	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity
Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Arrests – On Campus

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	12	1	0
Liquor Law Violations	17	0	0

UWS 18 citations are civil offenses, not a criminal offenses. There was one (1) criminal offense on public property for the 2013 calendar year per Clery regulations.

Arrests – On Campus Residence Halls

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	10	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	13	0	0

Arrests – Public Property

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	3	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	9	1	0
Liquor Law Violations	7	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On Campus

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	41	64	49
Liquor Law Violations	59	179	102

2014: 23 drug violations resulted in educational referral. 26 drug violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.
 2014: 65 liquor violations resulted in educational referral. 37 liquor violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.

Disciplinary Actions – On Campus Residence Halls

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	39	64	45
Liquor Law Violations	59	172	101

2014: 23 drug violations resulted in educational referral. 26 drug violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.
 2014: 65 liquor violations resulted in educational referral. 37 liquor violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.

Disciplinary Actions – Public Property

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2012	2013	2014
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	4
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	4
Liquor Law Violations	0	7	2

2014: 23 drug violations resulted in educational referral. 26 drug violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.

2014: 65 liquor violations resulted in educational referral. 37 liquor violations resulted in civil UWS 18 citations.
2014: 1 liquor violation resulted in civil UWS 18 citation at UW Madison issued to UW-Parkside student.

Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act & Sexual Violence Elimination Act (SaVE)

The number of reported occurrences for dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking are collected and reported per the guidance of the March 7, 2013 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act. These are reported cases and do not distinguish level of guilt. These incidents could be reported to the University Police or through the campus conduct system.

Incidents – On Campus

SaVE Act Incidents	2012	2013	2014
Dating Violence	1	11	2
Domestic Violence	0	2	0
Stalking	1	0	3

Incidents – On Campus Residence Halls

SaVE Act Incidents	2012	2013	2014
Dating Violence	1	11	2
Domestic Violence	0	2	0
Stalking	1	0	3

Incidents – Public Property

SaVE Act Incidents	2012	2013	2014
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Sexual Assault, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Violence Elimination Information

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside offers educational programs that promote the awareness of sexual assault, relationship/domestic violence, sexual harassment, stalking, and other sex offenses. All new students attend an educational session during the new student orientation program. Educational programs are also offered in the residence halls and on a campus-wide basis.

All students, faculty and staff receive written information about sexual assault and sexual harassment annually that includes the legal definitions of these terms, national, state and campus statistics on sexual assault, a description of victim's rights, a listing of services available to victims and information on protective behaviors to prevent sexual assault and sexual harassment.

Resources are also available on the following university websites:

Sexual Misconduct Information - <http://www.uwp.edu/live/offices/studentaffairs/sexual-misconduct/>

University Police - <https://www.uwp.edu/live/offices/universitypolice/>

Student Health & Counseling - <https://www.uwp.edu/live/services/studenthealth/>

Legal Definitions and Penalties

Federal Bureau of Investigation Uniform Crime Reporting/National Incident-Based Reporting System Crime Definitions

Excerpted from the Implementing Regulations of the "Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act" (originally the Campus Security Act) originally published in the Federal Register on April 29, 1994 (Vol. 59, No. 82) and November 1, 1999 (Vol. 64, No. 210).

The following definitions are to be used for reporting the crimes listed in 34 CFR sec. 668.46 (previously 668.47) in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The definitions for murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, weapon law violations, drug abuse violations and liquor law violations are excerpted from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook. The definitions of forcible and non-forcible sex offenses are excerpted from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook.

Crime Definitions from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook

Arson - Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Criminal Homicide-Manslaughter by Negligence - The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Criminal Homicide-Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Robbery- The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault - An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means

likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned including joyriding.)

Weapon Law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations - Violations of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkeness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Sex Offenses Definitions from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program

Sex Offenses-Forcible - Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Forcible Rape - The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

B. Forcible Sodomy - Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

C. Sexual Assault With An Object - The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

D. Forcible Fondling - The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses-Non-forcible - Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

A. *Incest* - Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

B. *Statutory Rape* - Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Source: Federal Register, April 29, 1994, Vol. 59, No. 82; Federal Register, November 1, 1999, Vol. 64, No. 210.

The Wisconsin Statutes define the serious criminal offenses of sexual assault, sexual exploitation by a therapist and sexual harassment. The following information prepared by UW System Legal Counsel provides a summary of offenses and corresponding penalties.

Sexual Assault - Section 940.225 of the Wisconsin Statutes creates four degrees of sexual assault. The degrees are based upon the amount of force used by the assailant and the harm done to the victim. First, second and third degree sexual assaults are felonies; fourth degree sexual assault is a misdemeanor.

First-degree sexual assault includes:

Sexual intercourse or sexual contact without consent which causes pregnancy or inflicts great bodily harm, or sexual intercourse or sexual contact without consent accomplished by using or threatening to use a dangerous weapon, or sexual intercourse or sexual contact without consent while aided by one or more persons by use of threat of force or violence.

A person can be imprisoned not more than forty years for committing first-degree sexual assault.

Second-degree sexual assault includes:

Sexual intercourse or sexual contact without consent through the use of threat of violence, or sexual intercourse or sexual contact without consent which causes injury, including illness, disease, or impairment of a sexual or reproductive organ or mental anguish requiring psychiatric care, or sexual intercourse or sexual contact with a person known by the perpetrator to be unconscious or mentally ill or mentally deficient, or sexual intercourse or sexual contact aided or abetted by another without the victim's consent.

A person can be imprisoned not more than twenty years and/or fined not more than \$10,000 for committing second-degree sexual assault.

Third-degree sexual assault is having sexual intercourse with a person without that person's consent. The penalty for third degree sexual assault is imprisonment for not more than five years and/or a fine of not more than \$10,000.

Fourth-degree sexual assault is having sexual contact with a person without that person's consent. The penalty for fourth degree sexual assault is imprisonment for not more than nine months in the county jail and/or a fine of not more than \$10,000.

Should I Report an Assault?

Report any incident, even if you are unsure about how to define what happened to you. You may report the incident to the University Police Department, Dean of Students Office, Residence Life Office, Student Health & Counseling Center, a Resident Assistant, or a Hall Director. Feel free to bring a friend with you for support.

Go to a hospital emergency room as soon as possible if the assault involved a sexual penetration or other physical injuries. The victim SHOULD NOT bathe, change clothes, or do anything that might destroy physical evidence. IMMEDIATE CONTACT with another person who can lend support and assistance is an important first step after an assault has occurred. Your follow-up medical care is crucially important. You may need tests for sexually transmitted diseases and pregnancy.

For immediate help after an assault has occurred, contact:

Emergency 2911 (if calling from a campus phone) or 262-595-2911 (if calling from a cell phone or off-campus phone)

University Police Department: 262-595-2455 <https://www.uwp.edu/live/offices/universitypolice/>

For support and reporting after the immediate crisis, contact:

Dean of Students Office: 262-595-2598 <https://www.uwp.edu/live/offices/studentaffairs/>

Student Health & Counseling Center: 262-595-2366 <https://www.uwp.edu/live/services/studenthealth/>

Women & Children's Horizons Inc.: 1-800-853-3503 <http://wchkenosha.org/>

Racine Sexual Assault Services: 1-800-656-4673 <http://www.lsswis.org/LSS/Services/Counseling/Sexual-Assault-Services.htm>

Student Rights and Responsibilities – Options through the Dean of Students Office may include disciplinary action if the alleged offender is an enrolled student and a University policy has been violated. A representative from the Dean of Students Office will also discuss options related to reporting to the University Police Department. Campus and community resources available to you will be discussed.

The student disciplinary procedures outlined in UWS 17, Student Disciplinary Procedures, are used to adjudicate University disciplinary action for sexual assault. The opportunities for students to have the person(s) of their choice present during disciplinary hearings are outlined in UWS 17. The results of disciplinary hearings regarding sexual assault are communicated to both the complainant (victim) and the respondent (alleged offender).

Possible campus sanctions may include, but are not limited to:

- Denial of Specified University Privileges
- Payment of Restitution
- Educational Sanctions including Community Service
- Disciplinary Probation
- Imposing Reasonable terms and conditions for continued student status.
- Removal from a course in progress
- Enrollment Restriction on a course or program
- Suspension / Expulsion

Accommodations to adjust living arrangements and/or class enrollment will be made when feasible upon the request of the complainant or respondent, or upon the recommendation of the Dean of Students Office.

University of Wisconsin-Parkside Standards of Conduct and University Sanctions Concerning Illicit Drugs and Alcohol

The University of Wisconsin System and University of Wisconsin-Parkside prohibit the unlawful possession, use, distribution, manufacture, or dispensing of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees on University property or as part of University activities. The unlawful use, possession, distribution, manufacture

or dispensing of illicit drugs ("controlled substances" as defined in Ch. 161, Wis. Stats.) is prohibited in accordance with s. UWS 18.9, Wis. Adm. Code.

Violation of these provisions by a student may lead to the imposition of a disciplinary sanction, up to and including suspension or expulsion, under s. UWS 17.09(g) or (h), Wis. Adm. Code.

University employees are also subject to disciplinary sanctions for violation of these provisions occurring on university property or the worksite or during work time, up to and including termination from employment.

Any student who engages in an activity, on campus or at an event sponsored by a center or institution or by the system, which constitutes a violation of Ch. 161 is subject to non-academic misconduct disciplinary sanctions, as provided by the Board by rule. In determining the appropriate sanction, the Board or its designee shall consider those penalties (including suspension and expulsion), that will contribute most effectively to maintaining a system environment that is free from controlled substances, as defined in s. 161.01(4).

Disciplinary sanctions are initiated and imposed in accordance with applicable procedural requirements and work rules, as set forth in Wisconsin statutes, administrative rules, faculty and academic staff policies, and collective bargaining agreements. Referral for prosecution under criminal law is also possible. Further, violations of ss. UWS 18.06(13) and 18.10, Wis. Adm. Code may result in additional penalties as allowed under Ch. UWS 18, Wis. Adm. Code. Employees who are convicted of any criminal drug statute violation occurring in the workplace must notify their dean, director or department chair within 5 days of the conviction if the employees are employed by the University at the time of the conviction.

State of Wisconsin and Federal Legal Sanctions

Wisconsin

The Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 961 of the Wisconsin Statutes, regulates controlled substances and outlines specific penalties for the violation of regulations. A first-time conviction for possession of a controlled substance can result in a sentence of up to one year in prison and a fine of up to \$5,000. (Sec. 961.41, Stats.) A person convicted of manufacturing a controlled substance, delivering a controlled substance, or possessing a controlled substance with the intent to manufacture or deliver, can be imprisoned for up to 30 years and fined up to \$1,000,000. (Sec. 961.41, Stats.)

Penalties vary according to the type of drug involved, the amount of drug confiscated, the number of previous convictions, and the presence of any aggravating factors. The distribution of a controlled substance to a minor can lead to the doubling of an authorized sentence term. (Section 961.46(1), Stats.)

Wisconsin has formidable legal sanctions that restrict the use of alcohol in various situations. It is illegal to procure for, sell, dispense or give away alcohol to anyone who has not reached the legal drinking age of 21 years. (Sec. 125.07(1)(a)(1), Stats.) Every adult has a legal obligation to prevent the illegal consumption of alcohol on premises owned by the adult or under the adult's control. (Section 125.07(1)(a)(3), Stats.) A first-time violator of either of the above subsections can be fined up to \$501.

It is against the law for an underage person to procure or attempt to procure an alcoholic beverage, to falsely represent his or her age for the purpose of obtaining alcohol, to enter premises licensed to sell alcohol, or to consume or possess alcohol on licensed premises. (Sec. 125.07(4), Stats.) A first-time underage violator of section 125.07(4) can be fined up to \$501, ordered to participate in a supervised work program, and have their driver's license suspended.

Federal

The federal government has recently revised the penalties against drug possession and trafficking through its Federal Sentencing Guidelines that reduce the discretion that federal judges may use in sentencing offenders of federal drug statutes. Under these guidelines, courts can sentence a person for up to 6 years for unlawful possession of a controlled substance, including the distribution of a small amount (less than 250 grams) of marijuana. A sentence of life imprisonment can result from a conviction of possession of a controlled substance that results in death or bodily injury. Possession of more than 5 grams of cocaine can trigger an intent to distribute penalty of 10-16 years in prison. (U.S.S.G. s. 2D2 (b) (1).)

Resources for Drug and Alcohol Abuse Treatment

The Wisconsin Department of Health and Social Services, through its Division of Community Services, provides an on-point summary of the numerous facilities that provide treatment for drug and alcohol addiction. Comprehensive community services are available at: <http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/subst Abuse/index.htm> or by writing the following:

Department of Health & Family Services & Bureau of Substance Abuse Services
1 West Wilson Street
Room 434
Madison, WI 53707

Complete list of counseling services for Kenosha County is available from

Kenosha County Department of Human Services / Health Services
8600 Sheridan Road
Kenosha, WI 53143
www.co.kenosha.wi.us/dhs/

Employees who have problems with alcohol or controlled substances are encouraged to voluntarily contact the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) through Human Resources.

Emergency Notification and Fire Safety Report

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside shall participate in emergency tests and evacuation drills at least once per year to assess and evaluate emergency procedures and capabilities. The evacuation drills, table top exercises, and emergency preparedness training are done in partnership with University Police and Public Safety, Risk Management and others as needed. Risk management will document each test, including the date, time, and whether it was announced or unannounced.

Mass Notification System

The Mass Notification System used at the University of Wisconsin-Parkside broadcasts text messages to those who have chosen to participate in the program. Other communication methods include E-mails sent to all campus addresses, computer pop-ups, web page banners and building announcements.

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside will, without delay, immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students, faculty, or staff occurring on the campus. Taking into account the safety of the community, the University will determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. After the initial notification, follow-up information may be disseminated to the community via the messaging systems or by e-mail as needed.

Policy Statement for Mass Notification

Mass Notification System for Emergency Alerts

Reason for Policy - This policy establishes the guidelines by which the emergency alert system will be used for distribution of emergency alerts to students, faculty, and staff that would be affected directly by a critical incident which poses an imminent threat to their health or safety given their presence on University of Wisconsin-Parkside grounds and/or its surrounding areas. The alert system may also be used to relay information on cancellation of classes due to inclement weather.

Policy Statement - The University of Wisconsin-Parkside maintains a subscription to a third party voice and text messaging service (Rave-Ranger Alert) that enables University of Wisconsin-Parkside administrators to create text messages for emergency alerts to members of the University of Wisconsin-Parkside community that have subscribed a mobile phone or other wireless device. The emergency messaging service with which University of Wisconsin-Parkside has contracted requires users to opt-in to the service by subscribing their cell phone or wireless device number. Users may unsubscribe at any time.

E-mail and text message emergency alerts are one element of University of Wisconsin-Parkside's comprehensive emergency response protocol that provides for rapid notification to students, faculty, and staff regarding situations or events that are occurring on campus or surrounding areas. In addition, mass e-mails, computer pop-up messages, message banners on the university home page and building announcements can also be used to relay emergency information.

Definition of Terms in Statement:

Emergency Alerts - Notifications regarding critical incidents that pose an imminent threat to the health or safety of University of Wisconsin-Parkside's community. Examples of such emergency incidents include, but are not limited to severe weather, hazardous materials incidents, and acts of criminal violence that broadly threaten the safety of University of Wisconsin-Parkside community. The system will also be used to notify members of the campus community of class cancellations due to severe weather or buildings shutdown due to mechanical failure.

Text and e-mail Messages - Brief, direct notifications received on a mobile phone or similar text-communication handheld device, and emails sent to the UW-P account and other non-UW-P email accounts.

Creation and Distribution of Emergency Messages

Messages for various alert notices have been prepared and approved by the committee tasked with developing the emergency communication system. Designees from the following University of Wisconsin-Parkside offices have the authority to approve dissemination of emergency messages.

1. Chancellor
2. Vice Chancellor of Finance and Administration
3. University Police and Public Safety

Approved emergency messages will be sent out by police department personnel that have received training on operation of the various messaging systems.

Follow-Up after an emergency message has been sent:

Notifications - After sending an emergency alert message, a police department designee shall notify the Chancellor's and Vice Chancellor's offices that a message has been sent and shall describe the rationale for activating the alert system. The purpose of this communication is to ensure that all offices are sharing consistent information. If necessary, the Crisis Response Team will convene and coordinate any additional

response with the appropriate institutional departments, in accordance with University of Wisconsin-Parkside's Crisis Response Plan, to communicate additional information to the University of Wisconsin-Parkside community and surrounding community related to the critical incident using other communication modes (e.g., e-mail, web posting, phone calls, etc.).

Archiving Ranger Alert Messages - The text messaging system archives "sent" messages. As a back-up, the police department will record the date, time, purpose, and content of all messages that were sent. This information will be kept with department records. A copy of text messages will reside in the police department email account.

Renewal and Maintenance

At the beginning of each school year, sign-up for Ranger Alert will be marketed aggressively to all incoming students and new faculty and staff. A sustained marketing effort of this communication tool will be made for all students, faculty, and staff throughout the year using existing web technology (portal) and traditional media (emails, postings). The Ranger Alert Notification System and other emergency notification systems will be tested twice per year to evaluate overall system capability and effectiveness.

HIGHER EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY ACT CAMPUS FIRE SAFETY ANNUAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

Overview

The Higher Education Opportunity Act (Public Law 110-315) became law in August 2008. It requires all United States academic institutions to produce an annual fire safety report outlining fire safety practices, standards, and all fire-related on-campus statistics. The following public disclosure report details all information required by this law as it relates to the University of Wisconsin-Parkside.

General Statement of University of Wisconsin-Parkside Student Resident Housing

At the University of Wisconsin-Parkside, all residence halls (Pike River Suites, Ranger Hall and University Apartments) are covered by fire and smoke alarm monitoring systems which are monitored 24 hours/day, seven days/week by the University Police Department.

Residence Hall	Fire Detection System Type	Fire Suppression System	Fire Extinguishers Present	Monitoring System	Fire Drills Each Year
Pike River Suites	Fixed-fully monitored	Full System	Yes	Yes-detectors and pull stations	2
Ranger Hall	Fixed-fully monitored	None	Yes	Yes-detectors and pull stations	2
University Apartments	Portable	None	Yes	Yes-pull stations	2

Fire Safety Improvements and Upgrades

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside Residence Life Office annually reviews the fire systems in our residence halls and will arrange for upgrades, repairs or revisions when problems are identified.

Residence Hall Fire Drills

Fire drills are held once a semester for each residence hall. Fire drills are mandatory supervised evacuations of a building for a fire. The fire drill is scheduled by Residence Life with the individual residence hall staff. The supervised fire drill is scheduled within the first 3 weeks of the beginning of the semester. Students who fail to leave the building during a fire drill will be referred to the Residence Life disciplinary system.

Fire Life Safety Education

Residence Life policy on fire safety is to prohibit usage of electrical cooking appliances, candles, and specific electrical equipment in individual rooms. Candles or open flame are prohibited in residence halls.

Residence Life policy on evacuation from residence halls will be posted on the web and is discussed with residents when they move into the residence hall, as follows:

In case of a fire, please sound the nearest fire alarm (activate the pull-station) and evacuate the building.

Evacuation procedures are as follows:

- Know the emergency routes from your room and hall.
- Check to see if your door is hot or has smoke around it. If so, stay in your room and wait to be evacuated by firefighters.

- Shut your door tightly when you leave.
- Exit your building and follow the directions of staff members.
- DO NOT remain in courtyards or in close proximity to the buildings.
- Remain in designated locations until cleared for re-entry by either the hall director, or a member of the residence life staff acting on behalf of the hall director or by public safety.
- If you can use a fire extinguisher in your hall without endangering yourself, please do so. However, our first concern is your safety. Do not attempt to extinguish a fire if your personal safety becomes threatened.

Fire/Life Safety Inspections

Residence Life staff training on fire life safety is held annually by the Risk Manager.

Students should be aware of common fire safety violations that may pose a risk to life safety.

Some common violations are as follows:

- Extension cords and multi-tap electric units without a breaker
- Items stored closer than 18 inches from a sprinkler head
- Blocking of electrical panels
- Blocking of egress (exit) pathways
- Evidence of burning of candles, incense, or tobacco products
- Evidence of cooking or cooking appliances in unapproved locations even if unused
- Evidence of a heavy load of combustibles in a room, on the walls, or ceiling
- Covering a door with paper or other combustible material
- Use of electrical wiring, devices, appliances which are modified or damaged
- Use of portable heater
- Tampering with smoke detectors
- Use of halogen lamp/lighting
- Unsafe lofting or raising of beds — including rooms with no guardrails
- Strings of lights, twinkle lights, holiday lights

Smoking Policy

The University of Wisconsin-Parkside prohibits smoking in any of the residence halls. Smoking is also prohibited within a minimum of twenty five feet from any residence hall entrance.

Reporting a Fire

Students reporting a fire should contact University Police at 2911 (262-595-2911). If the fire event is no longer a danger they should contact the Resident Advisor or Hall Director to report the incident to University Police.

Statistics and Reports of On-Campus Student Housing Fire(s)
Yearly Fire Related Damage Report

2012 Fire Statistics

Residence Hall	Total Fires	Date/Time of Incident	Cause of Fire	Number of Injures Requiring Medical Treatment	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Property Value Damage Caused by Fire
Pike River Suites	0	NA	NA	0	0	0
Ranger Hall	0	NA	NA	0	0	0
University Apartments	1	11-27-2012, 10:52AM	Stove top cooking	0	0	\$300

2013 Fire Statistics

Residence Hall	Total Fires	Date/Time of Incident	Cause of Fire	Number of Injures Requiring Medical Treatment	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Property Value Damage Caused by Fire
Pike River Suites	1	11-21-2013, 2:15AM	Microwave cooking	0	0	\$352
Ranger Hall	1	11-7-2013, 3:51AM	Poster set on fire	0	0	\$25
University Apartments	2	1-8-2013, 11AM	Bathroom fan	0	0	\$34,750
		6-25-2013, 4:56PM	Stove top cooking	0	0	\$20

2014 Fire Statistics

Residence Hall	Total Fires	Date/Time of Incident	Cause of Fire	Number of Injures Requiring Medical Treatment	Number of Fire Related Deaths	Property Value Damage Caused by Fire
Pike River Suites	1	5-14-2014, 10:30PM	Microwave cooking	0	0	\$0
Ranger Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Apartments	2	1-13-2014, 9:40PM	Stove top cooking	1	0	\$250
		9-26-2014, 11:06PM	Stove top cooking	0	0	\$200

Residence Hall Addresses

Pike River Suites, 3737 University Drive (formerly Outer Loop Road), Kenosha, WI, 53144

Ranger Hall 4135 University Drive (formerly Outer Loop Road), Kenosha, WI, 53144

University Apartments, 4019 University Drive (formerly Outer Loop Road), Kenosha, WI, 53144

Definitions

Fire - Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

Fire drill - A supervised practice of a mandatory evacuation of a building for a fire.

Fire-related injury - Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of the fire. The term person may include students, faculty, staff, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.

Fire-related death - Any instance in which a person is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire, or deaths that occur within 1 year of injuries sustained as a result of the fire.

Fire safety system - Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire, or the control of a fire including:

- Sprinkler or other fire extinguishing systems
- Fire detection devices
- Stand-alone smoke alarms
- Devices that alert one to the presence of a fire, such as horns, bells, or strobe lights
- Smoke-control and reduction mechanisms, and
- Fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire.

Value of Property Damage - The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of the cost of replacement in like kind and quantity, including:

- Contents damaged by fire
- Related damages caused by smoke, water, and overhaul
- It does not include indirect loss, such as business interruption

Fire Log - An incident log is kept at Residence Life that includes fire events. Incidents will be tracked with software that will record the following:

- Nature of event
- Date
- Time of event
- Location
- Nature of damage that occurred.

The log will be posted to the University Police and Public safety web site on a regular basis for public access.

Updated 09/30/2015